SUNNYVALE SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTSJUNE 30, 2015

FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19
Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Net Position	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	55
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress	56
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	57
Schedule of District Pension Contributions	58
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	60
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	61
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	62
Schedule of Instructional Time	63
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	64
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	65
Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	68
Note to Supplementary Information	70
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government	
Auditing Standards	73
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over	
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	75
Report on State Compliance	77
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
Summary of Auditor's Results	80
Financial Statement Findings	81
Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs	82
State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs	83
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	
Summary Schedule of Phor Audit Findings	84

FINANCIAL SECTION

This page left blank intentionally.



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

VALUE THE DIFFERENCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunnyvale School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunnyvale School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of other postemployment benefits funding progress, the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the District's pension contribution, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sunnyvale School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and other supplementary information as listed on the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2015, on our consideration of the Sunnyvale School Districts internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sunnyvale School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Davinek, Trine, Day & Co, LIP

Palo Alto, California December 14, 2015

This page left blank intentionally.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

This section of the Sunnyvale School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Sunnyvale School District (the District) and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement Number 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to inter-fund activity, payables and receivables.

The *Governmental Activities* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The *Fund Financial Statements* present Governmental activities, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

The Fund Financial Statements provide a more detailed picture of the District's operations than government-wide statements.

The primary unit of the government is the Sunnyvale School District.

The Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools are important components in this evaluation.

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* are derived from the District's governmental activities.

Governmental Activities – All of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade eight students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state income taxes, user fees, interest income, federal, state and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Fiduciary funds – These are used to account for funds held on behalf of others, like the funds managed for associated student body activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Statements of Fiduciary Net Position*. Management excludes these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

The District's net position was \$616,651 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, a 217% increase over the net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Of this amount, \$36.18 million is invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limits the Board's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. Management's analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and on the changes in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities:

Table 1

	Governme	Percentage	
	2013-2014*	2014-2015	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 31,605,419	\$ 52,681,077	66.7%
Capital assets	171,549,774	183,559,219	7.0%
Total Assets	203,155,193	236,240,296	16.3%
Deferred outflows of resources	4,243,415	18,264,289	330.4%
Current liabilities	6,977,851	14,078,234	101.8%
Long - term debt	200,947,959	226,213,190	12.6%
Total Liabilities	207,925,810	240,291,424	15.6%
Deferred inflows of resources		13,596,510	100.0%
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	42,342,243	36,180,520	-14.6%
Restricted	5,838,273	12,179,367	108.6%
Unrestricted	(48,707,718)	(47,743,236)	-2.0%
Total Net Position	\$ (527,202)	\$ 616,651	-217.0%

Net Position

For comparison purpose, amounts in 2013-14 reflect the restatement of pension activities from implementation of GASB 68.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* in the audited financial statements. Table 2 takes the information from the statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so one can see total revenues for the year.

Table 2

Changes in Net Position

	 Governmental Activities				
	2013-2014		2014-2015	Change	
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 751,280	\$	649,933	-13.5%	
Operating grants and contributions	10,618,231		13,849,976	30.4%	
General revenues					
Federal and State unrestricted revenue sources	5,365,804		5,865,790	9.3%	
Property taxes	54,222,364		61,453,219	13.3%	
Other general revenues	8,458,447		9,145,464	8.1%	
Total Revenues	 79,416,126		90,964,382	14.5%	
Expenses					
Instruction related	51,902,619		59,667,158	15.0%	
Student support services	8,363,434		9,218,207	10.2%	
Administration	5,116,182		5,068,046	-0.9%	
Maintenance and operations	5,743,722		5,923,023	3.1%	
Other	6,938,205		9,944,095	43.3%	
Total Expenses	 78,064,162		89,820,529	15.1%	
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,351,964	\$	1,143,853	-15.4%	

Total revenues increased 14.5% over the previous fiscal period to \$90.96 million. Total expenditures increased 15.1% over the previous period to \$89.82 million.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* in the financial statements, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$89.82 million. However, the amount that local taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$61.45 million because those who benefited from the programs paid the cost (\$0.65 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$13.85 million).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

In Table 3, management has presented the cost of each of the District's operating functions. As well as each function's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows the reader to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits provided by that function.

Table 3

(Dollar amounts in millions)	Tot	tal Cost	of S	ervices	Percentage	Net Cost of Services				Percentage
	2	2014	2015		Change		2014		2015	Change
Instruction	\$	44.9	\$	51.6	14.9%	\$	39.1	\$	44.4	13.6%
Supervision of instruction		2.2		2.3	4.5%		0.8		1.9	137.5%
Instructional library, media and technology		0.8		0.9	12.5%		0.7		0.9	28.6%
School administration		4.1		5.0	22.0%		4.0		4.8	20.0%
Pupil transportation		1.6		1.3	-18.8%		1.5		1.3	-13.3%
Food services		2.6		2.7	3.8%		0.2		0.3	50.0%
Other pupil services		4.2		5.2	23.8%		3.2		4.0	25.0%
Administration		5.1		5.1	0.0%		5.0		4.9	-2.0%
Maintenance and operations		5.7		5.9	3.5%		5.8		5.9	1.7%
Other		6.9		9.9	43.5%		6.4		6.9	7.8%
Totals	\$	78.1	\$	89.9	15.1%	\$	66.7	\$	75.3	12.9%

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$48.1 million of which \$15.5 million was in the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 18, 2015. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 55.

- Local control funding formula revisions were made due to property tax roll revenue estimate updates provided by the Santa Clara County Controller-Treasurer Department throughout the year.
- Local revenue was adjusted to reflect grant funding and increases to lease income.
- Adjustments were made to State revenues to reflect funding adjustments to Categorical Programs and Special Education.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Revisions were necessary to reflect material expenditure changes as outlined below:

- Salary expenditures were adjusted to reflect step and column movements and negotiated salary increases.
- Adjustments were made to health, welfare, and statutory benefits to reflect personnel, premium, and rate changes during the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$183.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment.

Table 4

Capital Assets	
----------------	--

(Amounts in millions)		Governmental Activities						
	201	13-2014	201	14-2015	Change			
Land	\$	3.8	\$	3.8	0.0%			
Building and improvements		199.6		215.3	7.9%			
Equipment		3.9		4.0	2.6%			
Subtotal		207.3		223.1	7.6%			
Accumulated depreciation		(35.8)		(39.6)	10.6%			
Totals	\$	171.5	\$	183.5	7.0%			

This year's additions of \$12.0 million, net of depreciation, included completion of Lakewood Elementary renovation. Several capital projects will be completed in the 2015-16 year. We present information that is more detailed about our capital assets in notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

The District had \$179.9 million in general obligation bonds and \$53.0 million of other long-term debt outstanding at the close of the year ended June 30, 2015 (see Table 5). This amount represents a net increase of \$31.9 million from the prior year. More detailed information about the District's long-term obligations is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Table 5

(Amounts in millions)		Governmen	tal Activ	vities	Percentage
× ·	201	13-2014	201	14-2015	Change
General Obligation Bond	\$	104.6	\$	161.9	54.8%
Capital Appreciation Bond		17.1		0.3	-98.2%
Premium		2.8		17.7	532.1%
Compensated Absences		0.3		0.4	33.3%
Net OPEB Obligation		1.6		2.1	31.3%
Pension Liabilities		63.4		50.5	-20.3%
Lease Revenue Bonds		11.2		-	-100.0%
Totals	\$	201.0	\$	232.9	15.9%

Long Term Obligations

DISCUSSION OF FISCAL YEAR 2014-2015 AND OUTLOOK FOR 2015-2016 AND BEYOND:

The Sunnyvale School District serves more than 6,800 students in grades preschool through eighth grade and is located in northwestern Santa Clara County adjacent to the cities of Santa Clara, Mountain View, and Cupertino in the heart of Silicon Valley. About two-thirds of the K-8 students who live in the City of Sunnyvale are within the boundaries of the Sunnyvale School District. The District's share of the revenue generated by local property taxes during FY 2014-2015 has exceeded its transition entitlement of the Local Control Funding Formula; therefore, the District continued as a basic aid district. As such, general fund revenue does not increase with enrollment increases.

Although Sunnyvale School District is funded as a basic aid district, the community it serves does not fit the image of the typical basic aid school district. The District's ten schools serve students from widely diverse ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds. The District emphasizes support for students from disadvantaged backgrounds and provides curricula that are accessible to all students regardless of language, ethnicity, or socio-economic background. The District's ethnic breakdown is 34% Hispanic, 22% white, 26% Asian, 7% Filipino, and 11% other.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

The District's mission statement is to prepare all of our students with a strong foundation of skills and knowledge to succeed in their educational pursuits. To achieve this goal the District maintains and pursues expectations for a high quality comprehensive preschool through eighth grade program. The District uses the framework of the Seven Correlates of Effective Schools as a basis for decision-making and they serve as our guiding principles. The seven Correlates are:

Frequent monitoring of student progress Safe and orderly environment Opportunity to learn and student time on task Climate of high expectations Strong instructional leadership Clear and focused mission Positive home – school relations

As a result, the District strives to meet programmatic goals that will allow for reasonable class sizes, staff training and support, counseling, preschools, libraries, medical assistance, before and after school programs, visual and performing arts, physical education, sports, and summer schools. The District's ongoing commitment to maintaining a balanced investment in programs for students, competitive salaries and benefits for those who serve students, and meeting the operational needs of the District is even stronger with the improved current economic environment.

The District is committed to continuing to provide a comprehensive instructional program while focusing services on the students and communities most in need of support. The 2015-2016 school year is full of promise. Funding for public schools has stabilized and the funding model itself has changed to focus financial support on the students with the greatest needs. The District has adopted the new national Common Core State Educational Standards that provides a deeper learning experience and develops critical thinking skills in our students. The One-to-One: Technology to Support Learning, a three year plan to ensure access to all students in the new ways of receiving educational content, has entered its second year. The new Bond Measure G allows the District to support school facilities and instructional technology. Management is committed to manage spending in a fiscally responsible manner to maintain the financial strength of the school district.

Net Pension Liability (NPL)

GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 introduce new requirements for accrual-basis recognition by state and local governments of employer costs and obligations for pensions. Under the new accounting standards, if the present value of benefits earned by all employees participating in the CalSTRS or CalPERS pension plan exceeds the resources accumulated by the pension plan to benefits, LEAs must now report in their government wide financial statements their proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability. At present, both CalSTRS and CalPERS have a net pension liability. The district implemented GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Lori van Gogh, CFO / Director of Fiscal Services at Sunnyvale School District, 819 W. Iowa Avenue, Sunnyvale, California, 94086, or e-mail at lori.vangogh@sesd.org.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Assets	Governmental Activities
Deposits and investments	\$ 50,022,778
Receivables	2,526,570
Stores inventories	131,729
Capital assets, not depreciated	80,383,445
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	103,175,774
Total Assets	236,240,296
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amount on refunding	14,240,952
Current year pension contribution	4,023,337
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,264,289
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,229,760
Interest payable	2,873,209
Unearned revenue	399,117
Current portion of long-term obligations other than pensions	7,421,871
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations other than pensions	174,898,373
Aggregate net pension liability	50,469,094
Total Liabilities	240,291,424
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Difference between actual and expected rate of investment return	13,596,510
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,596,510
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	36,180,520
Restricted	30,100,320
Debt service	7,891,579
Capital projects	3,382,337
Child nutrition services	141,499
Restricted for educational programs	746,117
Unrestricted	(47,725,401)
Total Net Position	\$ 616,651

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Program arges for vices and	enues Operating Frants and	Re Cha No	(Expenses) venues and inges In Net et Position vernmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	50	Sales	ontributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	51,560,411	\$	-	\$ 7,129,500	\$	(44,430,911)
Instruction related activities:							
Supervision of instruction		2,273,365		-	423,314		(1,850,051)
Instructional library, media							
and technology		880,844		-	7,544		(873,300)
School site administration		4,952,538		-	195,874		(4,756,664)
Pupil services:							
Home-to-school transportation		1,344,300		-	-		(1,344,300)
Food services		2,673,698		614,979	1,769,143		(289,576)
All other pupil services		5,200,209		-	1,157,316		(4,042,893)
General administration:							
Data processing		972,022		-	4,057		(967,965)
All other general administration		4,096,024		34,954	154,938		(3,906,132)
Plant services		5,923,023		-	1,262		(5,921,761)
Interest on long-term obligations		9,247,281		-	-		(9,247,281)
Other outgo		696,814		-	 3,007,028		2,310,214
Total Governmental-type Activities	\$	89,820,529	\$	649,933	\$ 13,849,976		(75,320,620)
General revenues and subvention							
Property taxes, levied for general purp	oses	5					49,121,433
Property taxes, levied for debt service							11,282,699
Taxes levied for other specific purpose							1,049,087
Federal and State aid not restricted to	spec	ific purposes					5,865,790
Interest and investment earnings							192,874
Miscellaneous							8,952,590
Subtotal, General Revenues							76,464,473
Change in Net Position							1,143,853
Net Position - Beginning, as restated							(527,202)
Net Position - Ending						\$	616,651

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Building Fund	ond Interest Redemption Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Deposits and investments	\$ 15,653,078	\$ 20,258,009	\$ 10,755,771	\$ 3,355,920	\$	50,022,778
Receivables	2,112,592	29,754	9,017	375,207		2,526,570
Due from other funds	169,844	5,286	-	-		175,130
Stores inventories	 60,148	 -	-	71,581		131,729
Total Assets	\$ 17,995,662	\$ 20,293,049	\$ 10,764,788	\$ 3,802,708	\$	52,856,207
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,104,620	\$ 2,033,947	\$ -	\$ 91,193	\$	4,229,760
Due to other funds	5,286	-	-	169,844		175,130
Unearned revenue	 399,117	 -	 -	-		399,117
Total Liabilities	 2,509,023	 2,033,947	-	261,037		4,804,007
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable Restricted for	86,148	-	-	71,881		158,029
Educational programs	746,117	-	-	-		746,117
Child Nutrition program	-	-	-	69,618		69,618
Capital projects	-	18,259,102	-	3,382,337		21,641,439
Debt service	-	-	10,764,788	-		10,764,788
Assigned	178,062	-	-	17,835		195,897
Unassigned	14,476,312	-	-	-		14,476,312
Total Fund Balances	 15,486,639	 18,259,102	10,764,788	3,541,671		48,052,200
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$ 17,995,662	\$ 20,293,049	\$ 10,764,788	\$ 3,802,708	\$	52,856,207

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 48,052,200
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 223,140,227 (39,581,008)	183,559,219
Expenditures relating to contributions made to pension plans were recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are not recognized on the accrual basis.		4,023,337
Interest accrual is not recognized in the governmental funds but is reported as a liability on the Statement of Net Position.		(2,873,209)
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding is recognized as deferred outflow on the Statement of Net Position. The deferred amount is recognized as expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.		14,240,952
The difference between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to pension expense.		(13,596,510)
Long-term obligations at year end consist of: General obligation bonds and related premiums Net OPEB obligation Compensated absences (vacations) Net pension liability	179,878,753 2,080,500 360,991 50,469,094	(232,789,338)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 616,651

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2		General	Building	Bond Interest and Redemption		
Local Control Funding Formula \$53,360,775 \$	REVENUES	Fund	Funa	Fund	Funds	Funds
Federal sources $2,455,564$ $1,670,666$ $4,126,2$ Other state sources $4,394,257$ 182 $37,211$ $455,244$ $4,886,8$ Other local sources $10,222,777$ $111,368$ $13,959,448$ $2,917,280$ $27,210,8$ Total Revenues $70,433,373$ $111,550$ $13,996,659$ $5,043,190$ $89,584,7$ CurrentInstruction related activities: $309,211$ $45,917,4$ Instruction al library, media $45,608,211$ $309,211$ $45,917,4$ Instructional library, media $43,77,765$ $777,005$ and technology $777,065$ $777,0$ School site administration $4,377,746$ - $29,045$ $4,406,7$ Pupil services:Home-to schooltransportation $1,243,627$ $1,243,66$ General administration: $16,640,838$ $4,640,8$ $3,706,5$ Data processing $916,931$ $139,243$ $3,706,5$ Plant services $5,205,012$ $155,194$ - $139,243$ $3,706,5$ Plant services $5,205,012$ $155,194$ - $25,206$ $15,687,1$ Other outgo $696,814$ $ 6,631,256$ $-$ Other outgo $696,814$ $ 6,631,256$ $-$ Other outgo $696,814$ $ 6,631,256$ $-$ Other outgo $696,814$ $ 6,$		\$53 360 775	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53 360 775
Other state sources 4,394,257 182 37,211 455,244 4,886,8 Other local sources 10,222,777 111,368 13,959,448 2,917,280 27,210,8 Total Revenues 70,433,373 111,550 13,996,659 5,043,190 89,584,7 EXPENDITURES 70,433,373 111,550 13,996,659 5,043,190 89,584,7 Current Instruction related activities: 45,608,211 - - 309,211 45,917,4 Instruction of instruction 45,608,211 - - 309,211 45,917,4 Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: - - 1,243,627 - - 1,243,64 Home-to school 1,243,627 - - 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>Ψ</td><td>Ψ</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	-		Ψ	Ψ		
Other local sources 10,222,777 111,368 13,959,448 2,917,280 27,210,8 Total Revenues 70,433,373 111,550 13,996,659 5,043,190 89,584,7 EXPENDITURES 309,211 45,608,211 - - 309,211 45,917,4 Instruction related activities: Supervision of instruction 1,994,930 - - 38,972 2,033,9 Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: Home-to school 1,243,627 - - - 1,243,66 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,93 - - 916,93 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 137,904 5,498,1 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 137,904 5,498,1 Piant services 5,205,012 155,194<			182	37 211		
Total Revenues 70,433,373 111,550 13,996,659 5,043,190 89,584,7 EXPENDITURES Instruction 45,608,211 - - 309,211 45,917,4 Instruction related activities: Supervision of instruction 1,994,930 - - 38,972 2,033,9 Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: Home-to school - 2,449,719						
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction 45,608,211 - - 309,211 45,917,4 Instruction related activities: Supervision of instruction 1,994,930 - - 38,972 2,033,9 Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: Home-to school 1,243,627 - - 1,243,627 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,8 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general administration 3,567,320 - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and construction - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,88 -						
Current Instruction $45,608,211$ - - $309,211$ $45,917,4$ Instruction related activities: Supervision of instruction $1,994,930$ - - $38,972$ $2,033,9$ Instructional library, media and technology $777,065$ - - $777,0$ and technology $777,065$ - - $29,045$ $4,406,7$ Pupil services: Home-to school 1,243,627 - - $2,449,719$ $2,449,719$ All other pupil services $4,640,838$ - - $4,640,88$ - - $4,640,88$ General administration: Data processing $916,931$ - - $916,97$ All other general $3,567,320$ - - $139,243$ $3,706,5$ Plant services $5,205,012$ $155,194$ - $137,904$ $5,498,1$ Construction - $15,661,940$ - 25,206 $15,687,1$ Other outgo $696,814$ - - -		70,455,575	111,550	13,990,039	5,045,190	09,304,772
Instruction 45,608,211 - - 309,211 45,917,4 Instruction related activities: Supervision of instruction 1,994,930 - - 38,972 2,033,9 Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: - - 29,045 4,406,7 Home-to school - - 2,449,719<						
Instruction related activities: Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media and technology $1,994,930$ 		45 609 211			200 211	45 017 422
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media and technology 1,994,930 - - 38,972 2,033,9 Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,00 School site administration 4,377,746 - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: Home-to school 1,243,627 - - 1,243,64 frood services - - 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,838 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,93 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and construction - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,88 - 696,88 Debt service - - 1,650,000 <		43,008,211	-	-	509,211	43,917,422
Instructional library, media and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: - - 29,045 4,406,7 Home-to school - - 29,045 4,406,7 transportation 1,243,627 - - 1,243,6 Food services - - 2,449,719 2,449,7 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,8 General administration: - - 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general - - 139,243 3,706,5 - 916,9 All other general - - 139,243 3,706,5 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 - - 696,88 Other outgo 696,814 - - - 696,88 - 696,88 - 696,88 - - 696,81,256		1 004 020			29.072	2 022 002
and technology 777,065 - - 777,0 School site administration 4,377,746 - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: Home-to school - 29,045 4,406,7 transportation 1,243,627 - - 1,243,6 Food services - - 2,449,719 2,449,719 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,83 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,93 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,55 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - - 696,814 - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,256 - 6,631,256 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 </td <td></td> <td>1,994,930</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>38,972</td> <td>2,055,902</td>		1,994,930	-	-	38,972	2,055,902
School site administration 4,377,746 - - 29,045 4,406,7 Pupil services: Home-to school 1,243,627 - - 1,243,66 Food services - - 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - - 4,640,8 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and construction - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 - - 696,81 <	-	777 065				777 065
Pupil services:			-	-	-	
Home-to school 1,243,627 - - 1,243,6 Food services - - 2,449,719 2,449,7 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,8 General administration: - - 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general - - - 916,9 - - 916,9 All other general - - - - 916,9 - - 916,9 All other general - - - 139,243 3,706,5 - - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,256 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,119		4,377,740	-	-	29,045	4,406,791
transportation 1,243,627 - - 1,243,6 Food services - - 2,449,719 2,449,7 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,8 General administration: - - 916,931 - - 916,93 Data processing 916,931 - - - 916,93 All other general - - 139,243 3,706,55 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,88 - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13	-					
Food services - - - 2,449,719 2,449,719 2,449,719 All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - - 4,640,8 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,256 - 6,631,256 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,132		1 242 627				1 0 4 2 6 2 7
All other pupil services 4,640,838 - - 4,640,8 General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13	-	1,243,627	-	-	-	
General administration: Data processing 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13		-	-	-	2,449,719	
Data processing All other general administration 916,931 - - 916,9 All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and construction - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13		4,640,838	-	-	-	4,640,838
All other general administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13		01 < 0.01				01 < 001
administration 3,567,320 - - 139,243 3,706,5 Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,11		916,931	-	-	-	916,931
Plant services 5,205,012 155,194 - 137,904 5,498,1 Facility acquisition and - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13	-					
Facility acquisition and construction - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,88 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13			-	-		3,706,563
construction - 15,661,940 - 25,206 15,687,1 Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,88 Debt service - 1,650,000 - 1,650,000 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,256 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,132		5,205,012	155,194	-	137,904	5,498,110
Other outgo 696,814 - - 696,8 Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 Principal - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,00 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,257 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,132						
Debt service - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Principal - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13		-	15,661,940	-	25,206	15,687,146
Principal - - 1,650,000 - 1,650,0 Interest and other - - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13	-	696,814	-	-	-	696,814
Interest and other - 6,631,256 - 6,631,2 Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,13						
Total Expenditures 69,028,494 15,817,134 8,281,256 3,129,300 96,256,133	-	-	-		-	1,650,000
					-	6,631,256
Revenues Over (Under)		69,028,494	15,817,134	8,281,256	3,129,300	96,256,184
		1,404,879	(15,705,584)	5,715,403	1,913,890	(6,671,412)
Other Financing Sources	Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	(Uses)					
Transfers in 91,871 91,8	Transfers in	-	-	-	91,871	91,871
Other sources - 28,015,760 28,015,7	Other sources	-	28,015,760	-	-	28,015,760
Transfers out (91,871) (91,8	Transfers out	(91,871)	-	-	-	(91,871)
	Net Financing Sources (Uses)		28,015,760	-	91,871	28,015,760
NET CHANGE IN						
FUND BALANCES 1,313,008 12,310,176 5,715,403 2,005,761 21,344,34	FUND BALANCES	1,313,008	12,310,176	5,715,403	2,005,761	21,344,348
	Fund Balance - Beginning					26,707,852
						\$48,052,200

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 21,344,348
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the		
period. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 15,806,525 (3,797,080)	12,009,445
Proceeds and premium received from sale of general obligation bonds are revenue in the government funds, but increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(170,487,075)
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation paid was less than the amounts earned.		(69,111)
Deferred amounts on refunding are not recorded on the governmental Balance Sheet, but are deferred on the Statement of Net Position, and amortized over the life of the bonds.		13,686,252
In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.		(375,175)
Amortization of bond premium is recorded as a revenue in the governmental funds, and is capitalized to the statement of net position and does not impact the statement of activities.		2,195,503
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		113,864,221

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,143,853
In the Statement of Activities, the unfunded annual contribution (ARC) is recognized as an expense, but is not recognized on the governmental funds.	(491,385)
of when it is paid.	(792,925)
the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless	
an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is paid, and thus requires	
amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the	
it is due.	(991,231)
expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when	
funds. In the Statement of Activities, however, accreted interest	
funds because accreted interest does not require the use of current financial resources, and thus is not recorded in the governmental	
Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds in the Statement of	
of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	11,250,986
Repayment of lease revenue bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	<u>\$ 171,865</u> <u>\$ 171,865</u>
	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to student groups	\$ 171,865
Total liabilities	\$ 171,865

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Sunnyvale School District was organized in 1904 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades kindergarten through eighth as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eight elementary, and two middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Sunnyvale School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects is currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manuel (CSAM) that does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition; not being substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements. As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in assets, fund balance, and revenues of \$8,799,643, \$8,799,643, and \$26,409, respectively.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Sections 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board.

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), or the 2006 State Schools Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 45 or 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred inflow of resources.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on general long-term obligations, which have not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Deposits and Investments

The District's deposits and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments with the County Treasury.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2015, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the program sponsor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid expenditures (expenses) represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures over the benefiting period.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption and unused donated commodities. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, and capitalized in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave if applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Debt issuance costs are expensed except for debt insurance.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for the unamortized loss on the refunding of general obligation bonds and current year pension contributions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for the difference between actual and expected rate of return on investments specific to the net pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

In fiscal year 2010-11, the governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires the District to maintain a minimum fund balance of 10% of the District's General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. If a fund balance drops below 3%, it shall be recovered at a rate of 1% minimally each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any net borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Clara bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. The District has implemented the Provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* — An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The District has implemented the Provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015.

As the result of implementing GASB Statement No. 68, the District has restated the beginning net position in the government wide Statement of Net Position, effectively decreasing net position as of July 1, 2014, by \$59,667,092. The decrease results from recognizing the net pension liability, net of related deferred outflows of resources.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension.* The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. Earlier implementation is permitted.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2015, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds Fiduciary fund	\$ 50,022,778 171,865
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 50,194,643
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2015, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 300,366
Revolving cash	26,300
U.S. Treasuries	498,352
Investment in county pool	 49,369,625
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 50,194,643

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the amortized cost basis provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

The District's policy is to follow the requirements stipulated by the California government code related to investments. Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rate. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by depositing substantially all of its funds in the County Treasury pool. The fair value of the deposits with the County Treasurer at June 30, 2015, was \$49,394,705 and the weighted average maturity of the pool was 469 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measure by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in the county pool are not rated, as of June 30, 2015. U.S. Treasuries are exempt from this disclosure.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. The District believes it has no significant custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

				Bond			
			In	iterest and	l	Nonmajor	
	General	Building	R	edemption	Funds		Total
Federal Government							
Categorical aid	\$ 1,176,935	\$ -	\$	-	\$	321,244	\$ 1,498,179
State Government							
Categorical aid	217,966	-		-		50,061	268,027
Lottery	581,882	-		-		-	581,882
Local Government							
Interest	26,663	29,754		9,017		3,902	69,336
Other Local Sources	 109,146	 -		-		-	 109,146
Total	\$ 2,112,592	\$ 29,754	\$	9,017	\$	375,207	\$ 2,526,570
Categorical aid Lottery Local Government Interest Other Local Sources	\$ 581,882 26,663 109,146	\$ 	\$	-	\$	3,902	\$ 581,882 69,336 109,146

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,814,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,814,433
Construction in progress	. , ,			. , ,
Land improvements	29,905,544	-	20,532,458	9,373,086
Buildings	78,835,266	15,687,146	27,326,486	67,195,926
Total Capital Assets Not Being			i	
Depreciated	112,555,243	15,687,146	47,858,944	80,383,445
-				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land improvements	6,239,877	20,532,458	-	26,772,335
Buildings	84,628,306	27,326,486	-	111,954,792
Vehicles	736,493	95,554	-	832,047
Furniture and equipment	3,173,783	23,825	-	3,197,608
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	94,778,459	47,978,323	-	142,756,782
Total Capital Assets	207,333,702	63,665,469	47,858,944	223,140,227
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	2,218,685	1,279,548	-	3,498,233
Buildings	31,072,842	2,259,898	-	33,332,740
Vehicles	673,491	38,948	-	712,439
Furniture and equipment	1,818,910	218,686	-	2,037,596
Total Accumulated Depreciation	35,783,928	3,797,080	-	39,581,008
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 171,549,774	\$ 59,868,389	\$ 47,858,944	\$ 183,559,219

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions in the statement of activities as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 2,435,393
Supervision of instruction	107,875
Instructional library, media, and technology	41,214
School site administration	233,730
Home-to-school transportation	65,960
Food services	129,930
All other pupil services	246,143
All other general administration	196,591
Data processing	48,633
Plant services	291,611
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,797,080

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2015, between major and nonmajor governmental funds are as follows:

	Due From							
		General	Building					
Due To	Fund			Fund		Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,286	\$	5,286		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		169,844		-		169,844		
Total	\$	169,844	\$	5,286	\$	175,130		

All balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transaction are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Tr	ansfer In	
	Nonmajor		
	Gov	vernmental	
Transfer Out	Funds		
The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to maintain a positive cash flow and to support the District's cafeteria operations.	\$	46,449	
The General Fund transferred to the Child Development Fund to support the child			
development program.		45,422	
Total	\$	91,871	

NOTE 6 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental activities, the net investment in capital assets amount of \$36,180,520 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of loss from advance refunding. The \$14,240,952 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2015 will be recognized as an expense and as a decrease in net position over the remaining life of related bonds. In addition, the District's current year pension contribution of \$4,023,337 was made after the pension liability measurement date, June 30, 2014. Therefore, the recognition of current year payment is deferred and will be recognized as pension expenses in fiscal year 2015-16 (see Note 14 for more information on pension expenses and liabilities).

Deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Balance	Balance		
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2015
Deferred charge on bond refunding	\$ 554,700	\$ 14,196,650	\$ 510,398	\$14,240,952
Deferred charge on pension contribution	3,688,715	4,023,337	3,688,715	4,023,337
Total	\$ 4,243,415	\$ 18,219,987	\$ 4,199,113	\$18,264,289

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

					l	Nonmajor		Total
		General	Building		Governmental		Go	overnmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Vendor payables	\$	1,463,026	\$	2,033,947	\$	91,193	\$	3,588,166
State principal								
apportionment		258,169		-		-		258,169
Salaries and benefits		383,425		-		-		383,425
Total Accounts Payable	\$	2,104,620	\$	2,033,947	\$	91,193	\$	4,229,760

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2015, consists of the following:

	General
	 Fund
State Categorical Aid	\$ 2,250
Other Local	 396,867
Total Unearned Revenue	\$ 399,117

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

Balance July 1, 2014	Accreted/ Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Due in One Year
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
\$104,565,000	\$153,425,000	\$ 96,130,000	\$161,860,000	\$ 6,645,000
17,071,490	991,231	17,734,221	328,500	-
2,823,681	17,062,075	2,195,503	17,690,253	776,871
291,880	69,111	-	360,991	-
1,589,115	941,634	450,249	2,080,500	-
11,250,986	-	11,250,986	-	-
63,355,807		12,886,713	50,469,094	
\$200,947,959	\$172,489,051	\$140,647,672	\$232,789,338	\$ 7,421,871
	July 1, 2014 \$104,565,000 17,071,490 2,823,681 291,880 1,589,115 11,250,986 63,355,807	July 1, 2014 Additions \$104,565,000 \$153,425,000 17,071,490 991,231 2,823,681 17,062,075 291,880 69,111 1,589,115 941,634 11,250,986 - 63,355,807 -	July 1, 2014AdditionsDeductions\$104,565,000\$153,425,000\$96,130,00017,071,490991,23117,734,2212,823,68117,062,0752,195,503291,88069,111-1,589,115941,634450,24911,250,986-11,250,98663,355,807-12,886,713	July 1, 2014AdditionsDeductionsJune 30, 2015\$104,565,000\$153,425,000\$96,130,000\$161,860,00017,071,490991,23117,734,221328,5002,823,68117,062,0752,195,50317,690,253291,88069,111-360,9911,589,115941,634450,2492,080,50011,250,986-11,250,986-63,355,807-12,886,71350,469,094

Payments on the general obligation bonds and lease revenue bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund which has a separate revenue source dedicated to the repayment of the bonds. The accrued vacation, OPEB, and pension liability obligations are paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Bonded Debt

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2014	Issued / Accreted	Defeased/ Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2015
General Obligation	Bonds						
2004A	9/1/29	3.00-6.00%	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 32,335,000	\$ -	\$ 32,335,000	\$ -
2007B	9/1/31	4.00-4.50%	30,000,000	28,315,000	-	28,315,000	-
2010C	9/1/34	4.25-4.50%	35,000,000	35,000,000	-	35,000,000	-
2012 Refunding	9/1/20	3.00-5.00%	4,925,000	3,915,000	-	480,000	3,435,000
2012D	9/1/42	4.00%	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
2013 Series A	9/1/44	2.00-5.00%	28,000,000	-	28,000,000	-	28,000,000
2014 Refunding	9/1/23	2.00-5.00%	14,815,000	-	14,815,000	-	14,815,000
2015 Refunding	9/1/35	2.00-5.00%	110,610,000		110,610,000		110,610,000
Subtotal				104,565,000	153,425,000	96,130,000	161,860,000
Capital Appreciation	on Bonds						
2012D	9/1/42	3.00-11.00%	14,767,843	17,071,490	991,231	17,734,221	328,500
				\$ 121,636,490	\$154,416,231	\$113,864,221	\$162,188,500

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2045 as follows:

		Interest to	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total
2016	\$ 6,645,000	\$ 6,801,967	\$ 13,446,967
2017	3,875,000	6,612,039	10,487,039
2018	1,990,000	6,473,814	8,463,814
2019	2,670,000	6,326,414	8,996,414
2020	3,280,000	6,143,404	9,423,404
2021-2025	18,865,000	26,830,559	45,695,559
2026-2030	21,145,000	20,302,810	41,447,810
2031-2035	29,236,590	11,284,875	40,521,465
2036-2040	38,994,230	4,688,670	43,682,900
2041-2045	35,390,000	2,140,623	37,530,623
Subtotal	162,090,820	\$ 97,605,175	\$259,695,995
Unmatured Accretion to date	97,680		
Subtotal	162,188,500		
Unamortized premium	17,690,253		
Net general obligation bonds	\$179,878,753		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2015, amounted to \$360,991.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2015, was \$960,276, and contributions made by the District during the year were \$450,249. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$41,821 and (\$60,463), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$491,385. As of June 30, 2015, the net OPEB obligation was \$2,080,500. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances with reservations/designations are composed of the following elements:

			Bond Interest	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Building	and Redemption	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable					
Revolving cash	\$ 26,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ 26,300
Stores inventories	60,148		-	71,581	131,729
Total Nonspendable	86,148	-		71,881	158,029
Restricted					
Educational programs	746,117	-	-	-	746,117
Child Nutrition program	-	-	-	69,618	69,618
Capital projects	-	18,259,102	-	3,382,337	21,641,439
Debt services	-	-	10,764,788	-	10,764,788
Total Restricted	746,117	18,259,102	10,764,788	3,451,955	33,221,962
Assigned					
Deferred maintenance		-	-	17,835	17,835
Other	178,062	-	-	-	178,062
Total Assigned	178,062	-		17,835	195,897
Unassigned					
Reserve for economic					
uncertainties	8,799,643	-	-	-	8,799,643
Remaining unassigned	5,676,669	-	-	-	5,676,669
Total Unassigned	14,476,312		-	-	14,476,312
Total Fund Balance	\$ 15,486,639	\$ 18,259,102	\$ 10,764,788	\$ 3,541,671	\$ 48,052,200

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 11 - LEASE REVENUES

Lease agreements have been entered into with various lessees for terms that exceed one year. None of the agreements contains purchase options. All of the agreements contain a termination clause providing for cancellation after a specified number of days written notice to lessees, but is unlikely that the District will cancel any of the agreements prior to their expiration date. The future minimum lease payments expected to be received under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Revenue
2016	\$ 4,831,386
2017	4,335,476
2018	4,425,798
2019	4,518,206
2020	4,612,750
2021-2025	5,612,303
2026-2030	6,451,132
Total	\$ 34,787,051

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Sunnyvale School District. The Plan provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses until the age of 65. Membership of the Plan consists of 49 retirees and 628 active plan members as of the most recent actuarial valuation. Unfunded portion of annual required contributions (net OPEB obligation) is presented in the Statement of Net Position as a portion of long-term obligations.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the District's bargaining units and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually through the agreements between the District, the District's bargaining units and the unrepresented groups. For fiscal year 2014-15, the District contributed \$450,249 to the plan, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 48 percent of current year's annual OPEB costs). The District contributed 100% of the total premium on behalf of the members and 70% for the dependents of the plan members receiving benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 960,276
Interest on net OPEB obligation	41,821
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (60,463)
Annual OPEB costs	 941,634
Contributions made	 (450,249)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 491,385
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 1,589,115
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 2,080,500

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Yea	r Ended	Annu	al OPEB	A	Actual	Percenta	ige	Net	t OPEB
Ju	ne 30,	C	Costs	Con	tribution	Contribu	ited	Ob	ligation
4	2015	\$	941,634	\$	450,249	48%	\$	5	2,080,500
	2014		941,634		417,183	44%			1,589,115
- 	2013		835,018		586,757	70%			1,064,664

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear tread information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan has not been funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,997,758, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an UAAL of \$7,997,758. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$43,062,028 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 18.57 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a five percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), based on the District's assumed long-term return on plan assets or employer assets. Healthcare costs trend rates range from an initial eight percent to an ultimate rate of five percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level percentage of payroll method. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2015, was 30 years on an open period method.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for property damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$500 million, subject to various policy sublimits generally ranging from \$25 thousand to \$75 million and deductibles of \$5,000 for electronic data processing coverage and \$100,000 per occurrence for all other claims. Claims in the past three years did not exceed the coverage limit.

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the District contracted with Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2015, the District participated in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the ASCIP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the ASCIP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the ASCIP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the ASCIP. Participation in the ASCIP is limited to districts that can meet the ASCIP selection criteria.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Insurance coverage for property and liability and workers' compensation are as follows:

Insurance Program / Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits	
Workers' Compensation Program Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group	Workers' Compensation	\$	1,000,000
Property and Liability Program ASCIP JPA	General	\$	5,000,000
	Automobile	\$ \$	5,000,000
	Employee Dishonesty	\$	5,000,000
	Property	\$	500,000,000

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The District implemented GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. As a result, the District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans and a deferred outflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

		coportionate		Deferred		oportionate		oportionate
	3	hare of Net	C	Dutflow of	Shai	re of Deferred		Share of
Pension Plan	Pen	sion Liability]	Resources	Inflo	w of Resources	Pen	sion Expense
CalSTRS	\$	38,466,686	\$	2,687,229	\$	9,472,348	\$	3,320,917
CalPERS		12,002,408		1,336,108		4,124,162		1,066,769
Total	\$	50,469,094	\$	4,023,337	\$	13,596,510	\$	4,387,686

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2013, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program		
	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	60	62	
Monthly benefits as a precentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%	
Required employee contribution rate	8.15%	8.15%	
Required employer contribution rate	8.88%	8.88%	
Required state contribution rate	5.95%	5.95%	

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$2,687,229.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 38,466,686
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 23,227,846
Total	\$ 61,694,532

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.0658 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized its proportionate share of pension expense of \$3,320,917. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$2,005,313 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurment date	\$	2,687,229	\$	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		-		9,472,348
Total	\$	2,687,229	\$	9,472,348

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The deferred inflow of resources will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	Amortization	
2016	\$ 2,368,087	7
2017	2,368,087	7
2018	2,368,087	7
2019	2,368,087	7
Total	\$ 9,472,34	8

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRS was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Measurement date	June 30, 2014
Experience study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.60%
Investment rate of return	7.60%
Consumer price inflation	3.00%
Wage growth	3.75%

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. Based on the model for CalSTRS consulting actuary' investment practice, a best estimate range was determined be assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that the annual returns are lognormally distributed and independently from year to year to develop expected percentile for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

		Long-term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	6.20%
Real estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed income Cash/liquididty	20% 1%	0.20% 0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.60%)	\$ 59,959,503
Current discount rate (7.60%)	38,466,686
1% increase (8.60%)	20,545,582

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) [and the Safety Risk Pool] under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

A full description of the pension plan(s) regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2013 annual actuarial valuation report(s), Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, [and the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report, Safety,] 2013. This (These) report(s) and CalPERS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)		
	On or before On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a precentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	6.000%	
Required employer contribution rate	11.771%	11.771%	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$1,336,108.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **JUNE 30, 2015**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of **Resources Related to Pensions**

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$12,002,408. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.1057 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,066,769. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		\$	1,336,108	\$	-
plan investments			-		4,124,162
-	Total	\$	1,336,108	\$	4,124,162

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. The deferred inflow of resources will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amortiza	tion
2016	\$ 1,	031,041
2017	1,	031,041
2018	1,	031,041
2019	1,	031,041
Total	\$ 4.	124,164

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Measurement date	June 30, 2014
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.00%

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include five years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	5.25%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%
Private equity	12%	6.83%
Real estate	11%	4.50%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3%	4.50%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension	
Discount rate	 Liability	
1% decrease (6.50%)	\$ 21,054,964	
Current discount rate (7.50%)	12,002,408	
1% increase (8.50%)	4,438,085	

Tax Deferred Annuity (TDA)

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. For the District's employees not covered under CalPERS or CalSTRS, the District uses Social Security as an alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 6.2 percent of an employee's gross earnings.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 in the amount of \$1,666,781, \$1,516,997, and \$1,442,507, respectively, which equaled 5.679 percent for 2014-15, 5.541 percent for 2013-14 and 5.176 percent for 2012-13 annual payroll. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budget amounts reported in the General Fund Budgetary Schedule.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2015.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

		Remaining	Expected
	Co	onstruction	Date of
	Commitment		Completion
Cumberland Infrastructure Project	\$	253,145	December, 2015
San Miguel Infastructure Project		916,228	December, 2015
Lakewood Infastructure Project		2,923,551	December, 2015
Total outstanding construction commitments	\$	4,092,924	

NOTE 16 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWER AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group public entity risk pool and the Silicon Valley Transportation Authority (JPA). The District pays an annual premium to Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. Payments for transportation services are paid to the Silicon Valley Transportation Authority JPA. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPA's are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District has appointed one board member to the governing board of Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group and one board member to the Governing Board of Silicon Valley Transportation Authority.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District made payments of \$686,580 to the Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group and \$912,112 to the Silicon Valley Transportation Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 17 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in the current year. The restatement does not include deferred inflows of resources, as this information was not available. As a result, the effect on the current fiscal year is as follows:

Statement of Net Position

Net Position - Beginning Restatement for GASB 68 Net Position - Beginning as Restated

\$ 59,139,890
 (59,667,092)
\$ (527,202)

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Pudgotod	Amounto		Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Budgeted		1	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual ¹	to Actual
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 52,200,578	\$ 53,348,415	\$ 53,360,775	\$ 12,360
Federal sources			³ 33,300,773 2,455,564	
	2,357,358	2,500,930	, ,	(45,366)
Other state sources	2,157,922	2,597,574	2,727,476	129,902
Other local sources	9,996,301	9,935,713	10,196,368	260,655
Total Revenues ¹	66,712,159	68,382,632	68,740,183	357,551
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	30,616,211	30,734,402	30,897,188	(162,786)
Classified salaries	10,692,032	10,545,127	10,793,190	(248,063)
Employee benefits	13,380,578	13,121,312	13,112,281	9,031
Books and supplies	2,835,786	4,051,142	3,545,577	505,565
Services and operating expenditures	8,758,271	8,891,679	8,361,501	530,178
Other outgo	310,019	319,517	557,571	(238,054)
Capital outlay	7,050	112,130	94,405	17,725
Total Expenditures ¹	66,599,947	67,775,309	67,361,713	413,596
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	112,212	607,323	1,378,470	771,147
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	30,000	22,000	-	(22,000)
Transfers out	(116,127)	(71,265)	(91,871)	(20,606)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(86,127)	(49,265)	(91,871)	(42,606)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	26,085	558,058	1,286,599	728,541
Fund Balance - Beginning, Non-GAAP	5,400,397	5,400,397	5,400,397	-
Fund Balance - Ending, Non-GAAP	\$ 5,426,482	\$ 5,958,455	6,686,996	\$ 728,541
Special Reserve Fund			8,799,643	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund Balance - Ending, GAAP			\$ 15,486,639	-
0/			, , ,	=

¹ On behalf payments of \$1,666,781 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures. In addition, the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay has been excluded from the revenues and expenditures.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit(b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2013	\$ -	\$ 7,997,758	\$ 7,997,758	0%	\$43,062,028	18.57%
July 2, 2011	-	6,693,047	6,693,047	0%	38,884,465	17.21%
July 1, 2009	-	7,741,116	7,741,116	0%	38,474,621	20.12%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		2015
CalSTRS		
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0658%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	38,466,686 23,227,846 61,694,532
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	29,314,581
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll		131.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77%
CalPERS		
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.1057%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	12,002,408

\$ 11,126,540

108%

83%

District's covered - employee payroll

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Note : In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CalSTRS		2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	2,687,229 2,687,229 -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	27,416,212
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		9.80%
CalPERS		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	1,336,108 1,336,108 -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	11,677,227
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		11%

Note : In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Grant	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A - Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14981	\$ 620,267
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	149,142
Title III - Limited English Proficient Student Program	84.365	10084	246,078
Special Education Cluster			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	955,599
Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619	84.173	13430	63,216
Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	84.027A	13682	193,852
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	576
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,228,730
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Basic School Breakfast	10.553	13390	63,632
Especially Needy School Breakfast	10.553	13526	313,895
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	1,112,538
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	13391	42,069
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,532,134
Child and Adult Care food Program	10.558	13391	180,601
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,712,735
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed through California Department of Health Care Services:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	10013	226,834
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 4,168,299

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2015

ORGANIZATION

The Sunnyvale School District was established 1904 and consists of an area comprising approximately ten square miles. The District operates eight elementary schools and two middle schools. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Nancy Newkirk	President	2016
Anita Hermann	Vice President	2018
Reid Myers	Clerk	2016
Jeffrey Arnett	Member	2018
Jeff Clarke	Member	2018

ADMINISTRATION

NAME	TITLE
Benjamin H. Picard, Ed. D	Superintendent
Tasha Dean, Ph.D	Director, Special Education/Pupil Personnel
Michael Gallagher, Ed. D	Deputy Superintendent of Human Resources
Lori van Gogh	Chief Financial Officer Director of Fiscal Services
Rob Smiley	Chief Operating Officer Director of Facility Modernization and Construction

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Final Report		
	Second Period	Annual	
	Report	Report	
Regular ADA		-	
Transitional kindergarten through third	3,269.59	3,263.19	
Fourth through sixth	2,042.04	2,032.27	
Seventh and eighth	1,191.34	1,192.46	
Total Regular ADA	6,502.97	6,487.92	
Extended Year Special Education			
Transitional kindergarten through third	4.13	2.98	
Fourth through sixth	2.71	3.13	
Seventh and eighth	2.06	1.81	
Total Extended Year Special Education	8.90	7.92	
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools			
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.75	0.91	
Fourth through sixth	2.18	1.92	
Seventh and eighth	2.25	3.28	
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	5.18	6.11	
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools			
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.20	0.20	
Fourth through sixth	0.30	0.30	
Seventh and eighth	0.30	0.30	
Total Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic,			
Nonsectarian Schools	0.80	0.80	
Total ADA	6,517.85	6,502.75	

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Reduced			
	1986-87	1986-87	2014-15	Number of Days	
	Minutes	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	
Grade Level	Requirement	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	35,000	51,870	181	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	49,000	51,585	181	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	49,000	51,585	181	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	49,000	51,585	181	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	52,500	55,365	181	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	52,500	55,365	181	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	52,500	61,436	181	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	52,500	61,436	181	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	52,500	61,471	181	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

There are no reconciling items between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		(Budget)					
		2016 ¹	2015	2014			2013
GENERAL FUND							
Revenues	\$	76,063,511	\$ 68,740,183	\$	65,556,708	\$	61,170,697
Total Revenues and Other Sources		76,063,511	 68,740,183		65,556,708		61,170,697
Expenditures		74,731,070	67,361,713		63,758,827		59,845,688
Other uses and transfers out		413,245	 91,871		50,616		6,148
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		75,144,315	67,453,584		63,809,443		59,851,836
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	919,196	\$ 1,286,599	\$	1,747,265	\$	1,318,861
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	7,606,193	\$ 6,686,996	\$	5,400,397	\$	3,653,132
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$	6,051,620	\$ 14,476,312	\$	12,721,498	\$	11,543,797
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A							
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO ³		8.05%	 21.46%		19.94%		19.29%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 2	226,213,190	\$ 232,789,338	\$	137,592,152	\$	144,105,400
AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AT P-2		6,642	 6,518	_	6,650	_	6,526

The General Fund balance has increased by \$3,033,865 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2015-16 budget projects an increase of \$919,196. For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3 percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in the past three years, and anticipates continuing an operating surplus during the 2015-16 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$88,683,938 over the prior two years. The main reason for the significant increase in long-term obligation is the implementation of GASB 68 and a new General Obligation bond issuance.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 8 over the preceding two years. An increase of 124 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2015-16.

¹Budget 2016 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

³ On-behalf payments of \$1,666,781, \$1,516,997, and \$1,442,507, are excluded from actual revenue and expenditures amounts.

This page left blank intentionally.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	Dev	Child velopment Fund	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		
Assets							
Deposits and investments	\$	(38,328)	\$	(31,277)	\$	17,811	
Receivables		38,456		333,049		24	
Stores inventories		-		71,581		-	
Total Assets	\$	128	\$	373,353	\$	17,835	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	62,215	\$	-	
Due to other funds		128		169,639		-	
Total Liabilities		128		231,854		-	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		-		71,881		-	
Capital projects		-		-		-	
Child nutrition program		-		69,618		-	
Assigned		-		-		17,835	
Total Fund Balances		-		141,499		17,835	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	128	\$	373,353	\$	17,835	

 Capital Facilities Fund	mty School Facilities Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$ 3,407,577 3,678	\$ 137	\$	3,355,920 375,207 71,581		
\$ 3,411,255	\$ 137	\$	71,581 3,802,708		
\$ 28,978	\$ -	\$	91,193		
 77	 -		169,844		
 29,055	 -		261,037		
-	-		71,881		
3,382,200	137		3,382,337		
-	-		69,618		
 -	 -		17,835		
3,382,200	137		3,541,671		
\$ 3,411,255	\$ 137	\$	3,802,708		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Child Development Cafeteria Fund Fund			Deferred Maintenance Fund		
REVENUES			.	=		
Federal sources	\$	-	\$	1,670,666	\$	-
Other state sources		331,551		123,693		-
Other local sources		255		725,279		86
Total Revenues		331,806		2,519,638	,	86
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		309,211		-		-
Instruction related activities:						
Supervision of instruction		38,972		-		-
School site administration		29,045		-		-
Pupil services:						
Food services		-		2,449,719		-
General administration:						
All other general administration		-		139,243		-
Plant services		-		-		6,065
Facility acquisition and construction		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		377,228		2,588,962		6,065
Excess (deficiency) of						
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(45,422)		(69,324)		(5,979)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		45,422		46,449		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		45,422		46,449		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(22,875)	,	(5,979)
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		164,374		23,814
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	141,499	\$	17,835
5						

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

Capital Facilities Fund		County School Facilities Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$ -	\$ 1,670,666
φ	-	φ -	\$ 1,670,666 455,244
2 101 6	-	- 1	,
2,191,65		1	2,917,280 5,043,190
2,191,0.		1	5,045,190
	_	-	309,211
			,
	-	-	38,972
	-	-	29,045
	-	-	2,449,719
	-	-	139,243
131,83	39	-	137,904
25,20		-	25,206
157,04	45	-	3,129,300
2,034,62	14	1	1,913,890
			01 971
		-	91,871
2,034,62	-	- 1	<u>91,871</u> 2,005,761
1,347,58		136	1,535,910
\$ 3,382,20		\$ 137	\$ 3,541,671
φ 3,362,20		φ 137	φ 5,541,071

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

	CFDA	
Description		Amount
Federal revenues reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and		
Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 4,126,230
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	42,069
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 4,168,299

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District did not receive incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation Of Annual Financial And Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sunnyvale School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Sunnyvale School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2015.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sunnyvale School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sunnyvale School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

avsinek, Thine, Day & Co, LLP

Palo Alto, California December 14, 2015



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sunnyvale School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Sunnyvale School District's (the District) major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Sunnyvale School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Sunnyvale School District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sunnyvale School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sunnyvale School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Sunnyvale School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Sunnyvale School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Sunnyvale School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Javsinek, Trine, Day & Co, LLP

Palo Alto, California December 14, 2015



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Sunnyvale School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Sunnyvale School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its State's programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the Sunnyvale School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sunnyvale School District's compliances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sunnyvale School District's compliance with those requirements.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Programs

In our opinion, Sunnyvale School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matters

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Sunnyvale School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
Attendance Accounting:	
Attendance Reporting	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	No, see below
Regional Occupational Centers or Programs Maintenance of Effort	No, see below
Adult Education Maintenance of Effort	No, see below
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
General Requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Common Core Implementation Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District does not offer Continuation Education, Early Retirement Incentive, Juvenile Court Schools, Middle or Early College High Schools, Transportation, Regional Occupation Centers, Adult Education, Before School Education and Safety Program, and Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to above mentioned programs.

Trine, Day & Co, LLP Vavsinek) Palo Alto, California

December 14, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial state	ments noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major federal program	ms:	
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies?		None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complia	nce for federal major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are requi	ired to be reported in accordance with	
Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133		No
Identification of major federal programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I, Part A - Basic Grants	
84.027, 84.027A, 87.173, 87.173A	Special Education Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwee	en Type A and Type B programs.	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
*		
STATE AWARDS		
Type of auditor's report issued on complia	nce for State programs:	Unmodified
· - · ·		

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.